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## **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

## 0580 and 0581 MATHEMATICS

**0580/04 and 0581/04** Paper 04 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **Abbreviations**

cao correct answer only cso correct solution only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

www without wrong working

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| 1 (a) (i) | (\$) 6 000 cao | B2    | <b>M1</b> for $0.1 \times 10\ 000 + 0.25 \times 20\ 000$ oe      |
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|
| (ii)      | 15 (%) cao     | B2    | M1 for $\frac{their(a)(i)}{40000} \times 100$                    |
| (b)       | (\$) 11 200 ft | B1 ft | ft 17200 – their (a)(i)  |
| (c) (i)   | (\$) 7500 cao  | B2    | M1 for $\frac{12000}{5+3} \times 5$ oe<br>After M0, SC1 for 4500 |
| (ii)      | 9/80 cao       | B1    | Ignore decimals or %'s seen<br>Mark final fraction               |
| (d)       | (\$) 8640 cao  | B2    | <b>M1</b> for 10 800 ÷ 1.25 oe [10]                              |

|           | I  | 1           |   |
|-----------|--|-------------|---|
| 2 (a) (i) | x(x+4) / 2 = 48 oe   | M1          | Eqn must include 48   |
|           | $x^2 + 4x - 96 = 0$  | E1          | Dep on M1 + shows one intermediate algebraic step with no errors seen   |
| (ii)      | - 12 or 8  | B1B1        | Allow deletion of negative root   |
| (iii)     | 12 (cm) correct or ft  | B1ft        | Accept 12 or ft their positive root in part (ii) (if only one) + 4.   |
| (b)       | $\frac{4}{5}$ oe   | B2          | M1 for $\frac{x}{x+4} = \frac{1}{6}$ oe   |
| (c) (i)   | $(x + 4)^2 + x^2 = 9^2$ oe or<br>$x^2 + 8x + 16 + x^2 = 81$<br>$2x^2 + 8x - 65 = 0$              | M1<br>E1    | Accept $2^{nd}$ line for M1<br>or $2x^2 + 8x + 16 = 81$<br>Dep on M1 with no errors, expanded brackets<br>step needed |
| (ii)      | $\frac{p+(-)\sqrt{q}}{r}$ where $p = -8$ and $r = 2 \times 2$ and $q = 8^2 - 4(2)(-65)$ oe (584) | M1<br>M1    | Allow second mark if in form $p \pm \frac{\sqrt{q}}{r}$   |
|           | - 8.04, 4.04 cao www   | A1A1        | SC2 if correct solutions but no working shown or SC1 for –8.041522987 and 4.041522987 rounded or truncated            |
| (iii)     | 21.08 or 21.1 (cm) strict ft   | B1ft<br>dep | ft 4.04 in part (ii) or $2 \times a$ positive root + 13   |
|           |  |             | [14]  |

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| 3 | (a)        | 5.(04), 0(.0), 8.7 or 8.66(6) or better  | В3        | 1 each  |
|---|------------|--|-----------|---|
|   |            | seen   |           |   |
|   | <b>(b)</b> | Correct axes for domain and range  | <b>S1</b> |   |
|   |            | 10 correct points, on correct grid line or   | P3ft      | <b>P2ft</b> for 8 or 9 correct                      |
|   |            | within correct 2mm square vertically   |           | P1ft for 6 or 7 correct                             |
|   |            | Reasonable curve through 10 points   | C1ft      | Correct shape, not ruled, within 1 mm of points     |
|   |            | condone curvature around $x = -0.2$ and 0.2  |           | (curves could be joined)                            |
|   |            | Two separate branches  | B1ft      | Independent but needs two 'curves' on either        |
|   |            | The state of the s |           | side of y-axis                                      |
|   |            |  |           |   |
|   | (c) (i)    | y = -3x ruled correctly  | L1        | Check at $(-1, 3)$ to $(1, -3)$ within 1 mm (can be |
|   | (•) (-)    | y en raisea correcting   |           | shorter)  |
|   |            | -2.95 to $-2.6$ , $-0.75$ to $-0.6$ , $0.5$ to $0.6$   | B2        | <b>B1</b> for 2 correct.                            |
|   |            | 2.55 to 2.0, 0.75 to 0.0, 0.5 to 0.0   | 22        | isw $y$ – values                                    |
|   |            |  |           | No penalty for each extra value if curve is cut     |
|   |            |  |           | more than 3 times                                   |
|   |            |  |           | more than 5 times                                   |
|   | (ii)       | (r-)2 $(k-)1$  | D1D1      | After 0,0 <b>SC1</b> for $x^3 + 3x^2 - 1 = 0$       |
|   | (11)       | (a =) 3 	 (b =) -1   | B1B1      | After 0,0 SC1 for $x^{2} + 5x^{2} - 1 = 0$          |
|   | (A)        | T  | TP1       | Must be a generally top sout allow allow            |
|   | <b>(d)</b> | Tangent to their curve ruled at $x = -2$   | <b>T1</b> | Must be a reasonable tangent allow slight           |
|   |            | . ,  | 3.54      | daylight <1mm                                       |
|   |            | rise/run using correct scales  | M1        | Dep on T1 (implied by answer 3 to 4.5)              |
|   |            | 4.5.   |           | Must show working if answer out of range            |
|   |            | −4.5 to −3   | <b>A1</b> |   |
|   |            |  |           | [17]  |

| 4 ( ) |   |            |   |
|-------|---|------------|---|
| 4 (a) | 72  | <b>B</b> 1 |   |
|       |   |            |   |
| (b) ( | i) $0.5 \times 15 \times 15 \sin(their 72)$ oe            | M1         | not for 90°   |
|       | 106.9 to 107 (cm <sup>2</sup> ) cso                       | A1         | www2  |
|       | ()  |            |   |
| 6     | i) 534.5 to 535 (cm <sup>2</sup> ) ft                     | B1 ft      | ft <i>their</i> (i) × 5   |
| (-    |   | 2110       | 11 men (1) e  |
| (ii   | $\pi \times 15^2 \times 50$                               | M1         | $(707 \text{ or } 35350)$ or $\pi \times 15^2$                        |
| (1)   | their (ii) $\times$ 50                                    | M1         | (26750) or $\pi \times 15^2$ – their <b>(b)</b> (ii)                  |
|       |   |            |   |
|       | Vol of cylinder – prism                                   | M1         | Dep on $M2$ then $\times 50$  |
|       | $8590 - 8625 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}$ cao                   | <b>A1</b>  | www4  |
|       |   |            |   |
| (c)   | $(AB =) 15\sin(their36) \times 2$ oe (17.63)              | M1         | or $\sqrt{15^2 + 15^2 - 2 \times 15 \times 15 \times \cos(their 72)}$ |
|       | (not 30° or 45°)  |            | or $\sqrt{13} + 13 = 2 \times 13 \times 13 \times \cos(metr/2)$       |
|       | ,   |            | Not for 90° or 60°  |
|       |   |            | or sine rule  |
|       |   |            |   |
|       | Area of one rectangle = their $AB \times 50$              | M1         | dep on $1^{st}$ M (881.5) not $15 \times 50$                          |
|       | $5 (50 \times a \text{ length}) + 2 \times their (b)(ii)$ | M1         | Indep (4407.5 + 1070)   |
|       | $5470 - 5480 \text{ (cm}^2)$ cao                          | A1         | * ` '   |
|       | 3470 - 3400 (CIII ) Cau                                   | AI         | www4  |
|       |   |            | [12]  |

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| 5 | (a)        | (60 + 40)/35   | M1        | (2.857) could be in parts   |
|---|------------|--|-----------|---|
|   |            | Correct method to convert a decimal time to minutes            | M1        | ft a decimal  |
|   |            | to minutes   |           | either full answer or decimal part × 60 (e.g. 51.(428), 171.(4 )or 2hrs 51 or 51 m) |
|   |            | 14 46 or 2 46 pm cao   | A1        | (e.g. 31.(428), 171.(4)01 21118 31 01 31 111)                                       |
|   |            | of the second second   |           |   |
|   | (b) (i)    | 260  | B1        |   |
|   | (ii)       | 145  | B1ft      | ft their <b>(b) (i)</b> – 115   |
|   | (c)        | $(AC^2 = )40^2 + 60^2 - 2 \times 40 \times 60 \times \cos 115$ | M2        | M1 for correct implicit version   |
|   |            | (AC=) $$ of a correct combination                              | M1        | dependent (7229)  |
|   |            | 85(.0 km) cao  | <b>A1</b> | www4  |
|   |            |  |           |   |
|   | <b>(d)</b> | $\frac{\sin A}{\sin A} = \frac{\sin 115}{\sin A}$ oe           | M1        | Implicit equation   |
|   |            | $\frac{-}{60} = \frac{1}{their(c)}$ de                         |           | Could use cosine rule M1 for implicit   |
|   |            | , ,  |           | and M1 for explicit form  |
|   |            | $\sin 1.0$ $\sin 1.0$  | M1        | Dep on M1 Explicit equation   |
|   |            | $(\sin A =) \frac{\sin 115}{their(c)} \times 60$               |           | - or one and  |
|   |            | 39.76 to 39.8 cao  | <b>A1</b> | www3  |
|   | (e)        | 40sin80 + 60sin35 oe   | M2        | their (c) $\times \sin(100 - their$ (d))  |
|   | (C)        | (39.4) (34.4)  | 1412      | or their (c) $\times$ cos (their (d) – 10)  |
|   |            | ()   |           | M1 for either 40sin80 or 60sin35  |
|   |            |  |           | or implicit trig version using their (c)  |
|   |            | 73.76 – 73.81 (km) cao   | <b>A1</b> | www3  |
|   |            |  |           | [15]  |

| 6 | (a) (i) | 30  | <b>B</b> 1 |   |
|---|---------|---|------------|---|
|   | (ii)    | 30, 30.5, 31  | B1 B1      | Penalty 1 for each extra value                        |
|   | ()      | 20,2010,21  | B1         | Ignore repeated values                                |
|   |         |   | D1         | ignore repeated values                                |
|   |         |   |            |   |
|   | (iii)   | $\frac{10 \times 30 + 7 \times 31 + x \times 32}{10 \times 30 \times 30 \times 30} = 30.65$ |            |   |
|   | · ,     | = 30.65   | <b>M</b> 1 |   |
|   |         | 10 + 7 + x  |            |   |
|   |         | correct clearance of fraction   | M1         | Dep on M1   |
|   |         |   | 1411       | *   |
|   |         |   |            | e.g. $517 + 32x = 521.05 + 30.65x$ oe                 |
|   |         | 3 cao   | <b>A1</b>  | www3  |
|   |         |   |            |   |
|   | (b) (i) | $35 \times 15 + 115 \times 21 + 26 \times 23 + 24 \times 27$                                | <b>M3</b>  | (4186/200) <b>M1</b> for use of 15, 21, 23, 27 (allow |
|   |         |   |            | one error)  |
|   |         | 200   |            | *   |
|   |         |   |            | and <b>M1</b> for use of $\sum fx$ with value of x in |
|   |         |   |            | correct range used (allow one further error)          |
|   |         |   |            | •   |
|   |         |   |            | and M1 dep on $2^{nd}$ M for dividing by $\sum f$ or  |
| I |         |   |            |   |
| I |         |   |            | 200   |
| I |         | 20.93 or 20.9 cao   | <b>A1</b>  | www4 Accept 21 after M3 earned                        |
|   |         |   |            | _   |
|   | (ii)    | 2.6 cao   | B1         |   |
|   | ()      |   | _          |   |
| I |         | 0.7 and 0.8   | <b>B4</b>  | B3 for one correct                                    |
| I |         | 51, min 510   | ٠.         | or <b>B2</b> for 3.5 and 4 seen                       |
| I |         |   |            |   |
| I |         |   |            | or <b>B1</b> for 4 seen                               |
| I |         |   |            | [16]  |
|   |         |   |            | 1 1   |

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| 7 (a) (i) | Translation only $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}$ oe     | B1<br>B1       | Throughout parts (i) to (v) if more than one transformation is given then no marks at all for that part Accept T |
|-----------|--|----------------|--|
| (ii)      | Reflection only $x = 1$ oe only                                  | B1<br>B1       | Accept M   |
| (iii)     | Reflection only $y = -x$ oe only                                 | B1<br>B1       | Accept M   |
| (iv)      | Enlargement only (centre)(2, 0), only (scale factor) 0.5 oe only | B1<br>B1<br>B1 | Accept E   |
| (v)       | Stretch only (factor) 2, only x-axis oe invariant cao only       | B1<br>B1<br>B1 | Accept S Ignore parallel to y-axis   |
| (b) (i)   | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$                 | B2             | B1 each column   |
| (ii)      | $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$                   | B2             | B1 for right hand column [16]  |

| 8 (a) | x = 78  | B1       |  |
|-------|---|----------|--|
|       | alternate angles  | R1       | Dep on <b>B1</b> Accept Z <u>angle</u> , extras can spoil Accept longer reasons using correct language and clarity with angles used.<br>e.g. allied angles gives 102° and angles on a straight line = 180° |
|       | either $y = 144$ or $z = 102$ (opposite angles of) cyclic quad (= 180)  | B1<br>R1 | Dep on <b>B1</b> , extras can spoil  |
|       | and $z = 102$ or $y = 144$<br>Angles (in (a)) quadrilateral (= 360)<br>or (opp angles of) cyclic quad (= 180) | B1<br>R1 | Dep on <b>B1</b> extras can spoil  |
| (b)   | Their $z + 36 \neq 180$ oe  | R1       | Could also use their angles $x$ and $y$ provided $x + y \neq 180$ .<br>Could be a longer reason involving angles must be clearly explained.  |
| (c)   | 72 or 288   | B1       |  |
| (d)   | 51 cao  | B1       | [9]  |

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| 9 (a)                      | (p =) 5 cao,   | B1               | Accept in correct order if no labels  |
|----------------------------|--|------------------|---|
|                            | $(q =) 12 \operatorname{cao}$  | B1               | fi fan 10 dhain a dhain a gnaoided a get  |
|                            | (r=) 1 ft  | B1ft             | ft for $r = 18 - their p - their q$ provided $r$ not negative   |
| (b) (i)                    | 17 cao   | B1               |   |
| (0) (1)                    | 17 Cao   | Di               |   |
| (ii)                       | 12 cao   | B1               |   |
| (c) (i)                    | 26 cao   | B1               |   |
| (ii)                       | 57 ft  | B1ft             | ft $45 + their q$   |
| (d) (i)                    | 0  | B1               |   |
| (u) (i)                    | $\frac{8}{100}$ oe isw   |                  |   |
| (ii)                       | 45 .   | B1               |   |
| , ,                        | $\frac{43}{100}$ oe isw  |                  |   |
| (e)                        | Any fraction with denominator 74 seen  | B1               |   |
| (-)                        |  | M1               | ft <i>their</i> fraction i.e. one taken off each part   |
|                            | $\frac{37}{74} \times \frac{36}{73}$   |                  |   |
|                            | 74 73  |                  | $\frac{k}{l} \times \frac{k-1}{l-1}$ N.B $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{36}{73}$ gets <b>B1M1</b>  |
|                            |  |                  |   |
|                            | $\frac{18}{73}$ oe isw cao   | <b>A1</b>        | $\frac{1332}{5402}$ www3 (if decimal then 0.247 or better)  |
|                            | 73   |                  | 5402  |
|                            |  |                  | Do not accept ratio or in words   |
|                            |  |                  | [12]  |
|                            |  |                  |   |
|                            |  |                  |   |
| 10 (a) (i)                 | $\frac{8\times(8+1)}{2} = 36$  | E1               |   |
| 10 (a) (i)                 | $\frac{8 \times (8+1)}{2} = 36$ $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$   | E1<br>E1         |   |
| 10 (a) (i)                 | $\frac{8 \times (8+1)}{2} = 36$ $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$   |                  |   |
| (ii)                       | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$   | E1               |   |
| (ii)                       | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$ $2\ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$  | E1               |   |
| (ii)                       | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$ $2\ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$  | E1               |   |
| (ii)                       | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$   | E1               | both steps must be shown  |
| (ii)                       | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80\ 200$ $2\ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$  | E1               |   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii)          | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$   | E1  B1  E1  B1   | both steps must be shown  |
| (ii)<br>(b) (i)            | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$  | E1  B1  E1       | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii)   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii)          | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$   | E1  B1  E1  B1   | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii)          | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$   | E1  B1  E1  B1   | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii)   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii) (iii)    | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$ $40 \ 000$  | E1  B1  B1  B1ft | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft Not for zero or negative answer   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii)          | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$   | E1  B1  E1  B1   | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii) (iii)    | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$ $40 \ 000$  | E1  B1  B1  B1ft | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft Not for zero or negative answer   |
| (ii) (b) (i) (iii) (c) (i) | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$ $40 \ 000$ $\frac{2n(2n+1)}{2} \text{ oe final answer}$ | E1  B1  B1  B1ft | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft Not for zero or negative answer  e.g. $2n^2 + n$                                  |
| (ii) (b) (i) (ii) (iii)    | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$ $40 \ 000$  | E1  B1  B1  B1ft | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft Not for zero or negative answer  e.g. $2n^2 + n$ M1 for their (c)(i) – $n(n + 1)$ |
| (ii) (b) (i) (iii) (c) (i) | $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$ $80 \ 200$ $2 \ (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n \ (n+1)$ $40 \ 200$ $40 \ 000$ $\frac{2n(2n+1)}{2} \text{ oe final answer}$ | E1  B1  B1  B1ft | both steps must be shown  ft their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii) or their (b)(ii) – 200 ft Not for zero or negative answer  e.g. $2n^2 + n$                                  |