



## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATICS			0580/21
Paper 2 (Extended)		Octob	oer/November 2009
			1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates answer of	n the Question Paper.		
Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator  Mathematical tables (optional)	Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)	

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

## Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

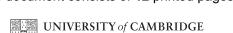
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$  , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 70.



**International Examinations** 

1

For Examiner's Use



For the diagram above write down

(	(a)	the	order	of rotational	ST	vmmetry
١	aj	uic	oruci	oi iotationai	0	унинси у,

4	E 1 1
Answer(a)	- 11
111151101	 L.

**(b)** the number of lines of symmetry.

2 Write down the next two prime numbers after 43.

3 Use your calculator to find the value of  $\frac{(\cos 30^{\circ})^{2} - (\sin 30^{\circ})^{2}}{2(\sin 120^{\circ})(\cos 120^{\circ})}$ 

4 Simplify  $\frac{5}{8}x^{\frac{3}{2}} \div \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{5}{2}}$ .

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5 In 1970 the population of China was 8.2 x 10<sup>8</sup>. In 2007 the population of China was 1.322 x 10<sup>9</sup>. Calculate the population in 2007 as a percentage of the population in 1970.

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*Answer* %[2]

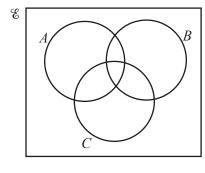
6

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -8 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

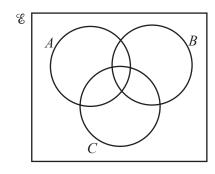
Calculate the value of  $5 |\mathbf{A}| + |\mathbf{B}|$ , where  $|\mathbf{A}|$  and  $|\mathbf{B}|$  are the determinants of  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ .

Answer [2]

7 Shade the region required in each Venn Diagram.







$$A' \cap (B \cup C)$$

[2]

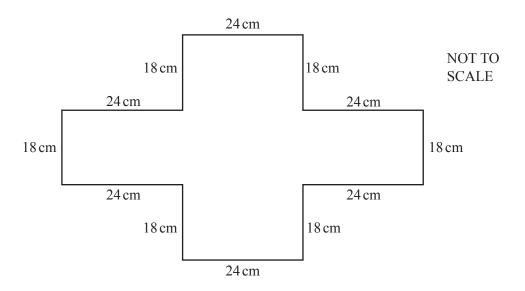
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	$Answer\ AB = $	[
	Solve the simultaneous equations	
	6x + 18y = 57, 2x - 3y = -8.	
	Answer x =	
	y =	
		[
_		[
_	The braking distance, $d$ , of a car is directly proportional to the square of its speed, $v$ .	[
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Each of the lengths 24 cm and 18 cm is measured correct to the nearest centimetre. Calculate the upper bound for the perimeter of the shape.

Answer		cm	[3]
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12 Simplify  $16 - 4(3x - 2)^2$ .

13	Solve the inequality	6(2 - 3r) -	$-4(1-2r) \le ($	n
13	Solve the inequality	0(2-3x)	$-4(1-2x) \leq 6$	J

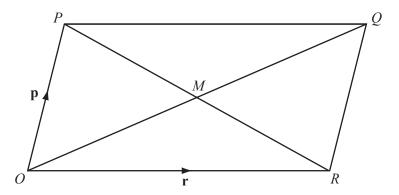
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Zainab borrows \$198 from a bank to pay for a new bed.The bank charges compound interest at 1.9% per month.Calculate how much **interest** she owes at the end of 3 months.Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.



15



O is the origin and OPQR is a parallelogram whose diagonals intersect at M.

The vector  $\overrightarrow{OP}$  is represented by **p** and the vector  $\overrightarrow{OR}$  is represented by **r**.

(a) Write down a single vector which is represented by

(i) p + r,

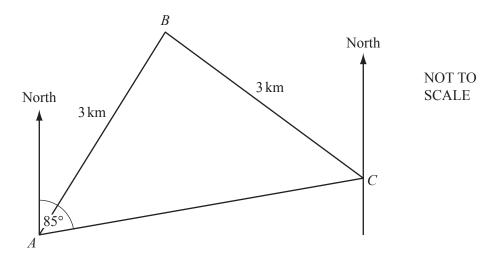
$$Answer(a)(i)$$
 [1]

(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$ **p** -  $\frac{1}{2}$ **r**.

$$Answer(a)(ii)$$
 [1]

(b) On the diagram, mark with a cross (x) and label with the letter S the point with position vector  $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{r}$ . [2]

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A, B and C are three places in a desert. Tom leaves A at 0640 and takes 30 minutes to walk directly to B, a distance of 3 kilometres. He then takes an hour to walk directly from B to C, also a distance of 3 kilometres.

(a) At what time did Tom arrive at C	(a)	) At	what	time	did	Tom	arrive	at	C
--------------------------------------	-----	------	------	------	-----	-----	--------	----	---

**(b)** Calculate his average speed for the whole journey.

(c) The bearing of C from A is 085°. Find the bearing of A from C.

Answer 
$$(c)$$
 [1]

17 (a) In 2007, a tourist changed 4000 Chinese Yuan into pounds (£) when the exchange rate was £1 = 15.2978 Chinese Yuan.

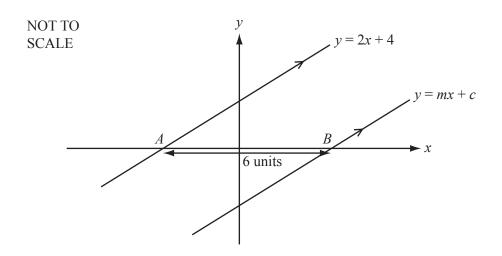
Calculate the amount he received, giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

(b) In 2006, the exchange rate was £1 = 15.9128 Chinese Yuan.

Calculate the percentage decrease in the number of Chinese Yuan for each £1 from 2006 to 2007.

Answer(b) % [2]

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The line y = mx + c is parallel to the line y = 2x + 4. The distance AB is 6 units.

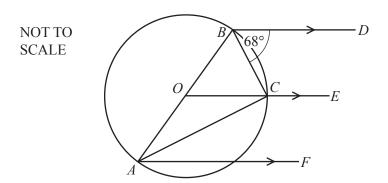
Find the value of m and the value of c.

Answer 
$$m =$$
 and  $c =$  [4]

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Points A, B and C lie on a circle, centre O, with diameter AB. BD, OCE and AF are parallel lines. Angle  $CBD = 68^{\circ}$ .

Calculate

(a) angle BOC,

$$Answer(a) \text{ Angle } BOC =$$
 [2]

**(b)** angle ACE.

$$Answer(b) \text{ Angle } ACE =$$
 [2]

For

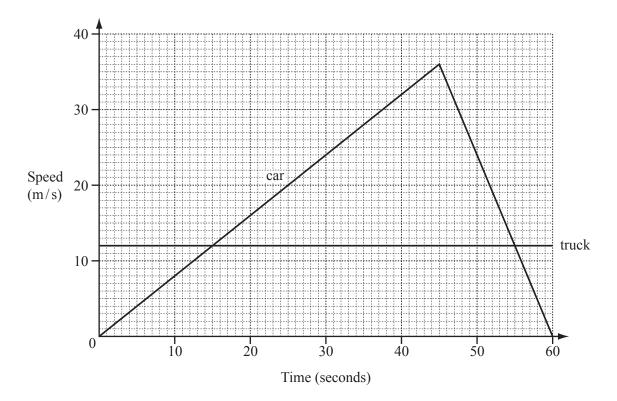
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[2]

10 20 The number of hours that a group of 80 students spent using a computer in a week was recorded. The results are shown by the cumulative frequency curve. 80 60 Cumulative 40 frequency 20 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Number of hours Use the cumulative frequency curve to find (a) the median, h [1] Answer(a) **(b)** the upper quartile, h [1] Answer(b) the interquartile range, Answer(c) h [1] (d) the number of students who spent more than 50 hours using a computer in a week.

Answer(d)

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The graph shows the speed of a truck and a car over 60 seconds.

(a) Calculate the acceleration of the car over the first 45 seconds.

Answer(a)  $m/s^2$  [2]

**(b)** Calculate the distance travelled by the car while it was travelling faster than the truck.

Answer(b) m [3]

Question 22 is printed on the next page.

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[2]

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