

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		
MATHEMATICS 0580/22				
Paper 2 (Extended)		October/November 2016		
		1 hour 30 minutes		
Candidates answer on the Question Paper.				
Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 70.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.





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0580/22/O/N/16

5 Simplify. $36v^5 \div 4v^2$



6 The sides of a square are 8 cm, correct to the nearest centimetre.

Calculate the upper bound for the area of the square.

8.5×8.5



624

1,2,3 [3]

7 Find the positive integers that satisfy the inequality t+2 > 3t-6.

6+2 736-6

4>6

8 > 25

8 Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.







9 From the top of a building, 300 metres high, the angle of depression of a car, C, is 52°.



Calculate the horizontal distance from the car to the base of the building.





10 The length of a backpack of capacity 30 litres is 53 cm.

Calculate the length of a mathematically similar backpack of capacity 20 litres.





(a) Calculate the amount Ralf receives.

Total Parts = 2+1=3 501 Ralf = 2 × 57 19 = 38

(b) Ralf gives \$2 to Susie.

Calculate the new ratio Ralf's money : Susie's money. Give your answer in its simplest form.

Sol Griven: Ralf= 38\$, Susie = 57-38 = 19\$ Ralf gives \$2 to Susie Ralf = 38 - a = 36Susie = 19 + a = 21New Ratio = $\frac{36}{12}$; $\frac{21}{7}$ = 1a:7

- 13 Factorise.
 - (a) $m^3 + m$
 - **(b)** $25 y^2$
 - (c) $x^2 + 3x 28$



14 Without using your calculator, work out $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{8}$.

You must show all your working and give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.









The Venn diagram shows the number of people who like films (F), music (M) and reading (R).

- (a) Find
- (i) n(M), (ii) $n(R \cup M)$. (b) A person is chosen at random from the people who like films. Write down the probability that this person also likes music. (c) On the Venn diagram, shade $M' \cap (F \cup R)$. [1]
- 16 $\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overrightarrow{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\overrightarrow{CA} = \overrightarrow{CB} + \overrightarrow{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{CA} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Work out $|\overrightarrow{BA}|$.

$$\sqrt{(-5)^2+(6)^2}$$
 7.8 [2]



The diagram shows the cross section of part of a park bench. It is made from a rectangle of length 32 cm and width 8 cm and a curved section. The curved section is made from two concentric arcs with sector angle 125°. The inner arc has radius 40 cm and the outer arc has radius 48 cm.

Calculate the area of the cross section correct to the nearest square centimetre.

= Area . 125 360 + Iotal Area = 256 + 767.94

17



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Point A has co-ordinates (3, 6).

(a) Write down the co-ordinates of point *B*.

(b) Find the gradient of the line AB.

Q =	(3, 6)	b=(7,	Í)
÷	a y	Ar	Y2

(c) Find the equation of the line that

- is perpendicular to the line *AB* and
 - passes through the point (0, 2).





$$-D$$
 gradient = $-\frac{1}{m}$.
= $\frac{4}{5}$.



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