

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER				
MATHEMATICS 0580/43						
Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2014						
		2 hours 30 minutes				
Candidates answer on the Question Paper.						
Additional Materia	ls: Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments				

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

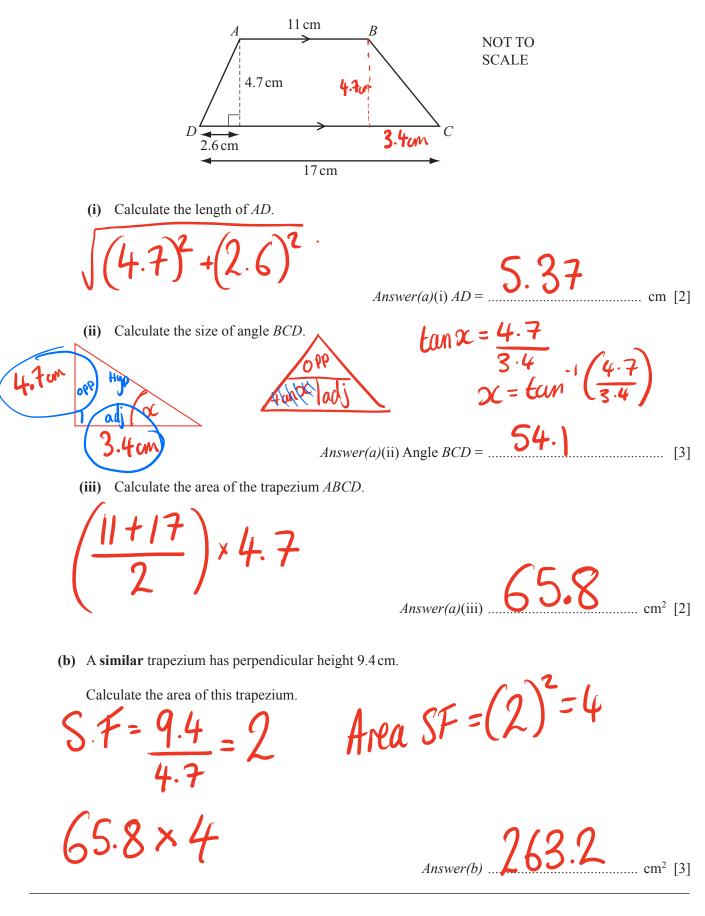
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.

1 (a) *ABCD* is a trapezium.



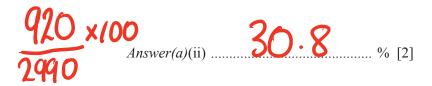
- 2 There are three different areas, A, B and C, for seating in a theatre. The numbers of seats in each area are in the ratio A:B:C = 11:8:7. There are 920 seats in area B.
 - (a) (i) Show that there are 805 seats in area C.

Answer(a)(i)
$$\frac{920}{8} \times 7 = 805$$

[1]

(ii) Write the number of seats in area B as a percentage of the total number of seats.

 $\frac{420}{8} \times 26 = 2990$



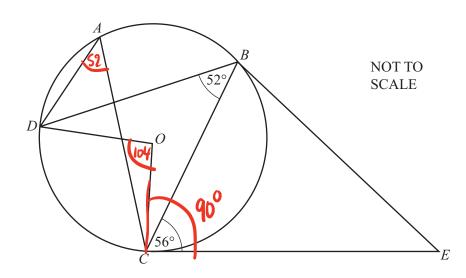
(b) The cost of a ticket for a seat in each area of the theatre is shown in the table.

Area A	\$11.50		
Area B	\$15		
Area C	\$22.50		

For a concert 80% of area B tickets were sold and $\frac{3}{5}$ of area C tickets were sold. The total amount of money taken from ticket sales was \$35834.

Calculate the number of area A tickets that were sold.

 $920 \times 0.8 \times 15 = 11040$ 805× 킄× 22.50=10867.5 35834 - 11040 - 10867.5= 13926.5 $\frac{13926.5}{11.50} = 1211$ (c) The total ticket sales of \$35834 was 5% less than the ticket sales at the previous concert. Calculate the ticket sales at the previous concert. 100% - 5% = 95%95% = 35834× 100 1%[3]

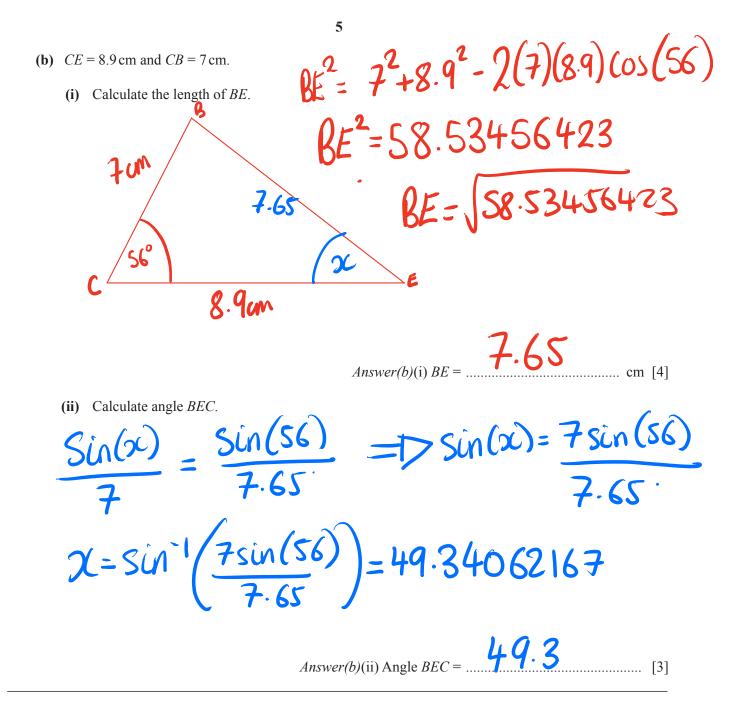


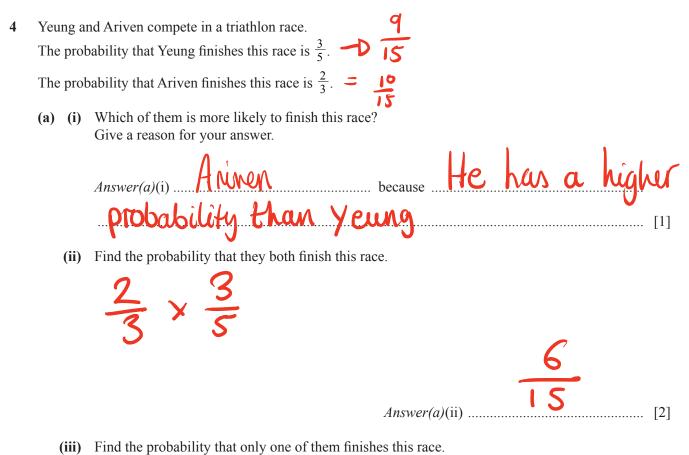
A, *B*, *C* and *D* are points on a circle, centre *O*. *CE* is a tangent to the circle at *C*.

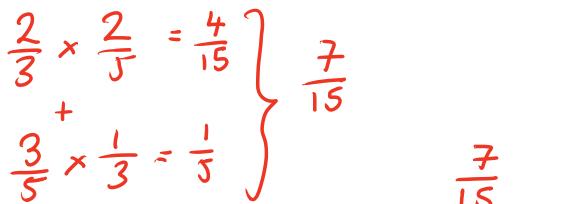
(a) Find the sizes of the following angles and give a reason for each answer.

the same because (i) Angle DAC =.....[2] ... center is ... because**M** (ii) Angle DOC =runjerence [2] ven tunvent C 12 be (iii) Angle $BCO = \dots$ because 56=34

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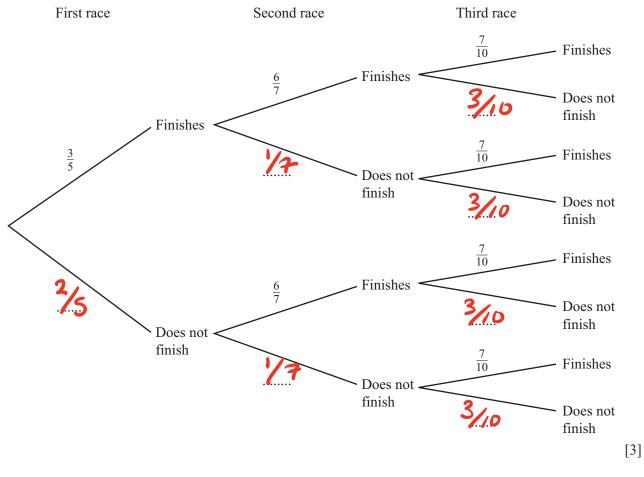




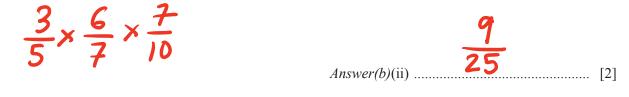
Answer(a)(iii)

.....[3]

- (b) After the first race, Yeung competes in two further triathlon races.
 - (i) Complete the tree diagram.



(ii) Calculate the probability that Yeung finishes all three of his races.



(iii) Calculate the probability that Yeung finishes at least one of his races.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 -Pr(0\cos not finish) \\
 -(\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{3}{10}) = \frac{172}{175} \\
 \frac{172}{175} \\
 Answer(b)(iii) = \frac{172}{175}
 \end{bmatrix}$$
[3]

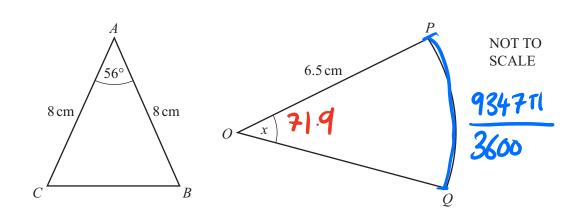
5
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad Q = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad R = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
(a) Work out
(i) 4P,
(ii) P=Q,
(ii) P=Q,
(iii) Q=Q,
(iii) P=Q,
(iii) Q=Q,
(iiii) Q=Q,
(iii) Q=Q,
(iii) Q=Q,
(iiii) Q=



[Turn over

6 (a) Simplify.
(i)
$$x^3 + \frac{3}{x^5}$$

 $\chi^3 \times \chi^5$
(ii) $5xy^5 \times 3x^5y^{-5}$
(iii) $(64x^{12})^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(ii) $(64x^{12})^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(ii) $(64x^{12})$



The diagram shows a triangle and a sector of a circle. In triangle *ABC*, AB = AC = 8 cm and angle $BAC = 56^{\circ}$. Sector *OPQ* has centre *O*, sector angle *x* and radius 6.5 cm.

(a) Show that the area of triangle ABC is 26.5 cm^2 correct to 1 decimal place.

 $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 8 \times Sin(56) = 26.52920232$ Answer(a) = 96.5 [2]

(b) The area of sector *OPQ* is equal to the area of triangle *ABC*.

 $\chi = \frac{16}{\pi 1_{1-2}}$ (i) Calculate the sector angle *x*. х Л x(6.5)² = 26.5 X=71.8739956 Answer(b)(i) [3]

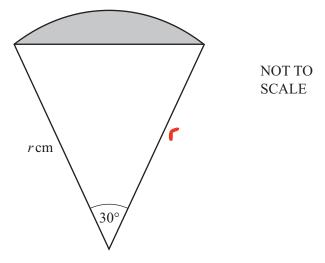
(ii) Calculate the perimeter of the sector *OPQ*.

 $\frac{71.9}{2} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6.5 = \frac{434}{2}$

134777+6.5+6.5

7

(c) The diagram shows a sector of a circle, radius r cm.



(i) Show that the area of the shaded segment is $\frac{1}{4}r^2(\frac{1}{3}\pi - 1)$ cm².

Answer(c)(i) $-\frac{1}{2} \times r \times r \times \sin(30) = \frac{1}{12} \pi r^2 - \frac{1}{4} r^2$ x1x1² - -

(ii) The area of the segment is 5 cm^2 .

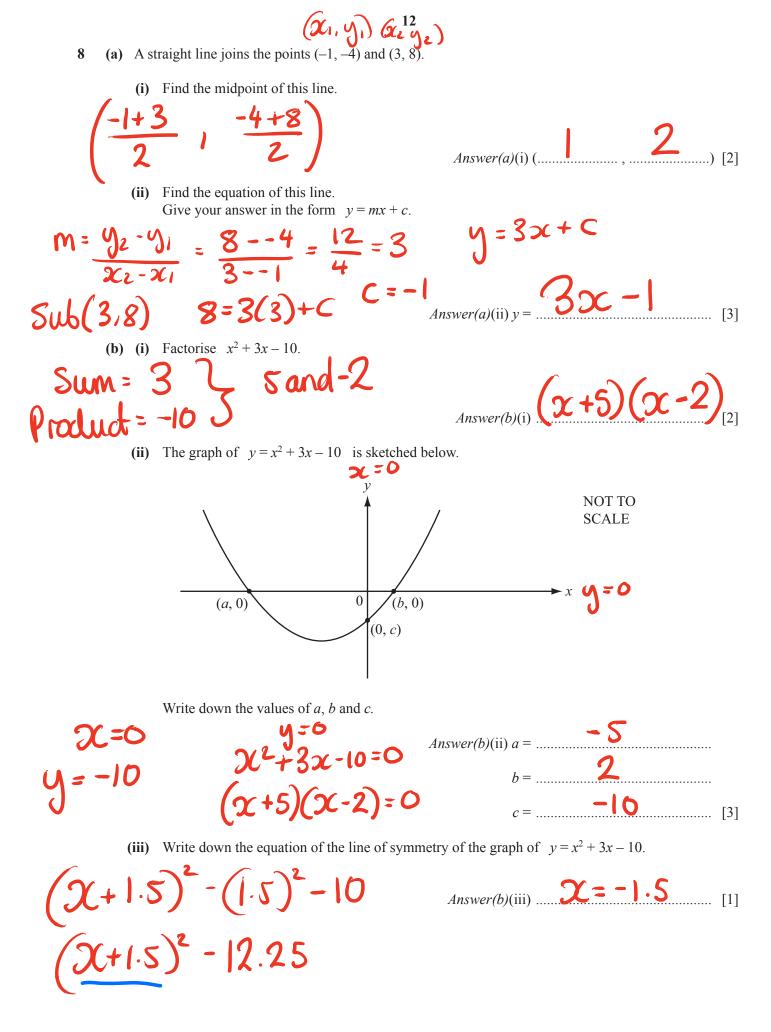
Find the value of r.

$$\frac{1}{4}r^{2}(\frac{1}{3}\pi - 1) = 5$$

$$\int r^{2} = \frac{4 \times 5}{\frac{\pi}{3} - 1}$$
Answer(c)(ii) $r = .20.6$ [3]

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{20}{\frac{7}{3} - 1}} = 20.58520824$$

[4]



(c) Sketch the graph of $y = 18 + 7x - x^2$ on the axes below. Indicate clearly the values where the graph crosses the *x* and *y* axes. က္ = စ $\chi^2 - 7\chi + 18 = 0$ $(\chi - q)(\chi + 2) = 0$ $\chi = q$ and $\chi = -2$ (0,18) × NOT TO SCALE (-2,0) (9,0) 0 [4] (d) (i) $x^{2} + 12x - 7 = (x + p)^{2} - q$ Find the value of p and the value of q. -(6)2-7 (X+6) (X+6) 2-36-7 $Answer(d)(i) p = \dots$ -43 (ii) Write down the minimum value of y for the graph of $y = x^2 + 12x - 7$. Answer(d)(ii)

9 (a) Ricardo asks some motorists how many litres of fuel they use in one day. The numbers of litres, correct to the nearest litre, are shown in the table.

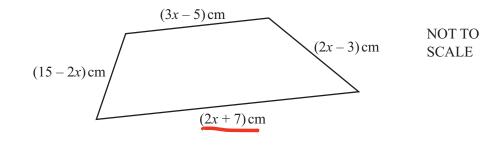
Number of litres	16	17	18	19	20
Number of motorists	11	10	р	4	8

(i) For this table, the mean number of litres is 17.7.

 $\frac{16 \times 11}{11 + 10 + 4 + 8 + 8} + (19 \times 4) \times (20 \times 8) = 17.7$ Calculate the value of *p*. $Q = \frac{2.1}{0.3} = 7$ 18p + 582 = 17.7 (33+p) 18p + 582 = 584.1 + 17.7p 0.3p = 2.1Answer(a)(i) p = ...(ii) Find the median number of litres. $\frac{40+1}{2} = 20.5$ Answer(a)(ii) 17 (b) Manuel completed a journey of 320 km in his car. The fuel for the journey cost \$1.28 for every 6.4 km travelled. (i) Calculate the cost of fuel for this journey. <u>--</u> = 50 4 50×1.28 [2] Answer(b)(i) \$ When Manuel travelled 480 km in his car it used 60 litres of fuel. (ii) Manuel's car used fuel at the same rate for the journey of 320 km. Calculate the number of litres of fuel the car used for the journey of 320 km. litres [2] Answer(b)(ii) (iii) Calculate the cost per litre of fuel used for the journey of 320 km. $\frac{54}{10} = 1.6$ Answer(b)(iii) \$...

15 (c) Ellie drives a car at a constant speed of 30 m/s correct to the nearest 5 m/s. $p \text{ IO} - p \frac{76}{2} = S$ She maintains this speed for 5 minutes correct to the nearest 10 seconds. $p \text{ IO} - p \frac{76}{2} = S$ Calculate the upper bound of the distance in **kilometres** that Ellie could have travelled.

 $32.5\frac{m}{s} \times 305s' = 9912.5m$ $32.5\frac{m}{s} \times 305s' = 9912.5m$ $\frac{1000}{0} \text{ Km}$ $\frac{9912.5}{1000} = 9.9125$ $\frac{9.9125}{1000} \text{ km}$ $\frac{9.9125}{1000} \text{ km}$



(i) Write an expression, in terms of *x*, for the perimeter of the quadrilateral. Give your answer in its simplest form.

3x - 5 + 2x - 3 + 2x + 7 + 15 - 20C

5x+14..... cm [2] Answer(a)(i)

 $5 - 5 \frac{1}{2} = 2.5$

(ii) The perimeter of the quadrilateral is 32 cm.

5x + 14 = 32

5x= 18

 $\alpha = 3.6$

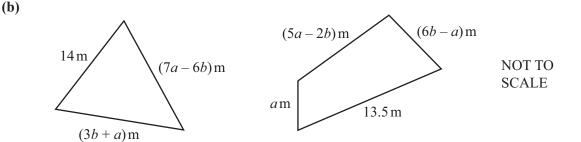
Find the length of the longest side of the quadrilateral.

2(3.6) + 7 = 14.2

14.2 cm [3] Answer(a)(ii)

Question 10(b) is printed on the next page.

10 (a)



The triangle has a perimeter of 32.5 m. The quadrilateral has a perimeter of 39.75 m.

Write two equations in terms of *a* and *b* and simplify them. Use an algebraic method to find the values of *a* and *b*. Show all your working.

14 + 7a - 6b + 3b + a = 32.5a+5a-2b+6b-a+13.5 = 39.75 -36=18.5)×4 +46 = 26.25)×3 : 78.75 47a=152.75 Answer(b) $a = \dots$ a=152.75 = 3.25 [6] $25) + 4\beta = 26.25$ (.25 - 5(3.25) = 2.5)

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