

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2 (Extended)

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.



Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2019 Page 2 of 6

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	53 or 59	1	
2	0.839 or 0.8386 to 0.8387	1	
3	7/9	1	
4(a)	Trapezium	1	
4(b)	Obtuse	1	
5	56.4 or 56.44	2	M1 for $\frac{254}{their 4.5}$ or $\frac{254}{their 270} [\times 60]$
6	2	2	M1 for $9f - 3f$ oe or $23 - 11$ oe
7	14.7	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 8.4 \times 3.5$ oe
8(a)	0.048 cao	1	
8(b)	5.27×10 ⁻³	1	
9	6	2	M1 for $2 \times 3^2 \times 5$ or $2^4 \times 3$ or for 2×3 as final answer or B1 for 2 or 3 as final answer
10	2.1	2	M1 for $\frac{33.6 \times 25000^2}{100000^2}$ oe or answer figs 21
11	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one row or one column correct in a 2 by 2 matrix in the final answer or SC1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
12(a)	10m ⁵ final answer	2	B1 for $10m^k$ or km^5 as final answer
12(b)	x^{24} final answer	1	

© UCLES 2019 Page 3 of 6

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
13	$\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{7}{3}$ or $\frac{63}{28} \div \frac{12}{28}$ oe with common denominator	M2	B1 for $\frac{9}{4}$ oe seen or M1 for their $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{7}{3}$
	$5\frac{1}{4}$ cao	A1	
14	Correctly eliminating one variable	M1	
	$ \begin{bmatrix} x =] - 4 \\ y =] 3 $	A2	A1 for one correct If M0 scored, SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations
15	495	3	M2 for $435.6 \div \frac{100-12}{100}$ oe or B1 for recognising 435.6 as 88[%]
16(a)	R identified correctly	2	B marks 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1
16(b)	7	1	
17	$\frac{3x^2 - 4x + 9}{(x+3)(x-5)}$ final answer	3	B1 for common denominator $(x+3)(x-5)$ oe isw M1 for $2x(x-5)+(x+3)(x+3)$ or better
18	12.8 4.4 0.8	3	B2 for 2 correct heights or 3 correct freq densities or B1 for 1 correct height or 2 correct freq densities

© UCLES 2019 Page 4 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
19	$m = \frac{k}{P-1}$ final answer	4	B3 for final answer $\frac{k}{P-1}$ OR M1 for multiplying or dividing by m correctly
			M1 for term(s) in <i>m</i> on one side correctly and terms not in <i>m</i> on the other side correctly
			M1 for correctly factorising <i>m</i> with a 2-term bracket oe
			M1 for correct division by <i>their</i> 2-term bracket with <i>m</i> as the subject To a maximum of M3 for an incorrect answer
20	$\frac{-(-2)\pm\sqrt{(-2)^2-4(3)(-10)}}{2\times3}$	B2	B1 for $\sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(3)(-10)}$ or better
			and if in form $\frac{p+\sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p-\sqrt{q}}{r}$ then
			B1 for $p = -(-2)$ and $r = 2(3)$
	-1.52 and 2.19 final ans cao	B1B1	If B0B0, SC1 for -1.5 and 2.2
			or -1.523 to -1.522 and 2.189
			or 1.52 and -2.19
			or –1.52 and 2.19 seen in working
21(a)	Y Y	1	
21(b)(i)	$\frac{9}{16}$ oe	2	B1 for $\frac{9}{k}$ or $\frac{k}{16}$ provided fraction is less than 1
21(b)(ii)	46	1	
22(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 15 \\ 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for 2 correct elements
22(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 7 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ oe isw	2	B1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -7 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ soi or det = -1 soi

© UCLES 2019 Page 5 of 6

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
23(a)	$\frac{5}{3}$ p -2 q oe simplified	2	M1 for correct unsimplified answer or $c\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q}$ or $\frac{5}{3}\mathbf{p} + c\mathbf{q}$ $c \neq 0$
			or for a correct route
23(b)	$\frac{5}{6}$	2	B2FT for $\frac{their c}{2}$ if their (a) is $c\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q}$ oe
			$\mathbf{M1} \text{ for } \overline{MX} = \frac{5}{6} \mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}$
			or $\overrightarrow{MX} = \frac{1}{2} their (a)$
			or $\overrightarrow{BX} = \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{AN}$
			or $\mathbf{q} + \frac{1}{2}$ their (a) or $\mathbf{q} + \overrightarrow{MX} - k\mathbf{p} = 0$ oe
24	31.9 or 31.85	4	M3 for $\tan = \frac{12}{\sqrt{18^2 + 7^2}}$ oe
			or M2 for $\sqrt{18^2 + 7^2}$
			or M1 for $18^2 + 7^2$
			or B1 for identifying correct angle <i>CAG</i>
25(a)	Rotation 90° clockwise oe (1, 0)	3	B1 for each
25(b)	Enlargement - 2 (0, 2)	3	B1 for each

© UCLES 2019 Page 6 of 6