

## **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CAND NUMB		

350677469

MATHEMATICS 0580/43

Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2019

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Tracing paper (optional)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.



1 Here is part of a train timetable for a journey from London to Marseille. All times given are in local time.

The local time in Marseille is 1 hour ahead of the local time in London.

London	0719
Ashford	0755
Lyon	13 00
Avignon	1408
Marseille	1446

			Marseille	1446	
(a)	(i)	Work out the total journey to Give your answer in hours a		don to Mars	eille.
					h min [2]
	(ii)	The distance from London to The local time in London is			e in Ashford.
		Work out the average speed	, in km/h, of th	ne train betw	ween London and Ashford.
					km/h [3]
	(iii)	During the journey, the train The average speed of the train The length of the train is 95	ain during this		•
		Calculate the length, in met	res, of this brid	lge.	

		- 47
•••••	m	4

**(b)** The fares for the train journey are shown in the table below.

From London to Marseille	Standard fare	Premier fare
Adult	\$84	\$140
Child	\$60	\$96

	(i)	For the <b>standard fare</b> , write the ratio adult fa	re : child fare in its simplest form.
			[1]
	(ii)	For an adult, find the percentage increase in the	e cost of the standard fare to the premier fare.
			% [3]
(	(iii)	For one journey from London to Marseille, the	ratio
		number of adults : number of	children = 11 : 2.
		There were 220 adults in total on this journey. All of the children and 70% of the adults paid to The remaining adults paid the premier fare.	the standard fare.
		Calculate the total of the fares paid by the adul	ts and the children.
			\$[5]
(c)		re were $3.08 \times 10^5$ passengers that made this journess was a 12% decrease in the number of passenge	
		d the number of passengers that made this journe e your answer in standard form.	ey in 2017.
			[3]

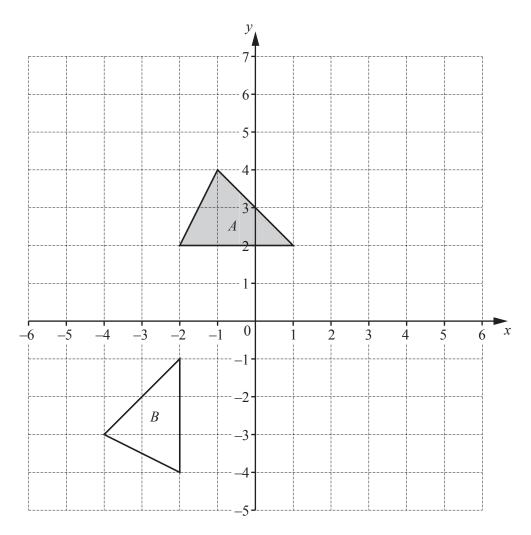
2	(a)	Solve.	
			<i>E</i>

$$5x - 17 = 7x + 3$$

(b)	Find the integer values of $n$ that satisfy this inequality.	<i>x</i> =	[2]
	$-7 < 4n \leqslant 8$		
(c)	Simplify.		[3]
	(i) $a^3 \times a^6$ (ii) $(5xy^2)^3$		[1]
	(iii) $\left(\frac{27x^{12}}{64y^3}\right)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$		[2]

.....[3]

3



(a) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) triangle A after a translation by the vector 
$$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\2 \end{pmatrix}$$
, [2]

(ii) triangle A after a reflection in the line y = x. [2]

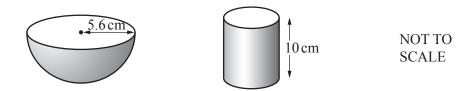
**(b)** Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

(c) (i) Find the matrix that represents an enlargement, scale factor -2, centre (0, 0).

(ii) Calculate the determinant of the matrix in part (c)(i).

.....[1]

4 (a)



The diagram shows a hemispherical bowl of radius 5.6 cm and a cylindrical tin of height 10 cm.

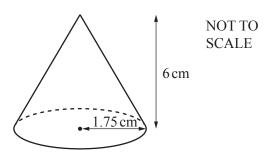
(i) Show that the volume of the bowl is  $368 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ , correct to the nearest cm<sup>3</sup>. [The volume, V, of a sphere with radius r is  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .]

[2]

(ii) The tin is completely full of soup.When all the soup is poured into the empty bowl, 80% of the volume of the bowl is filled.Calculate the radius of the tin.

..... cm [4]

**(b)** 

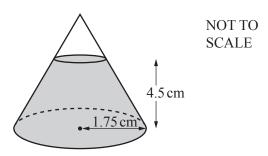


The diagram shows a cone with radius 1.75 cm and height 6 cm.

(i) Calculate the total surface area of the cone. [The curved surface area, A, of a cone with radius r and slant height l is  $A = \pi r l$ .]

..... cm<sup>2</sup> [5]

(ii)



The cone contains salt to a depth of 4.5 cm.

The top layer of the salt forms a circle that is parallel to the base of the cone.

(a) Show that the volume of the salt inside the cone is 18.9 cm<sup>3</sup>, correct to 1 decimal place. [The volume, V, of a cone with radius r and height h is  $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ .]

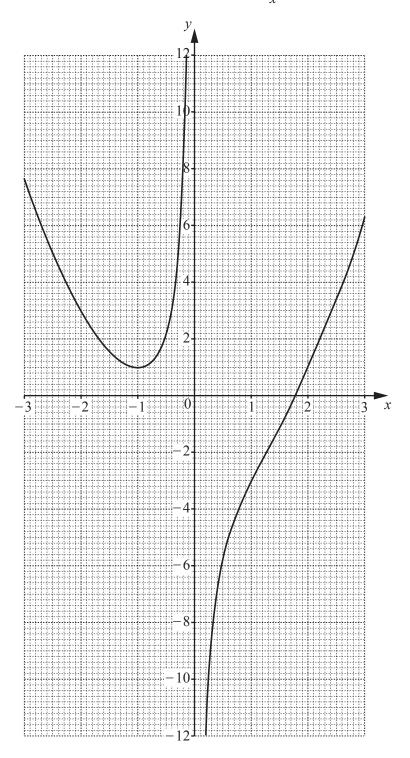
[4]

**(b)** The salt is removed from the cone at a constant rate of 200 mm<sup>3</sup> per second.

Calculate the time taken for the cone to be completely emptied. Give your answer in seconds, correct to the nearest second.

.....s [3]

5 The diagram shows the graph of y = f(x) where  $f(x) = x^2 - \frac{2}{x} - 2$ ,  $x \ne 0$ .



(a)	Use	the graph to	find							
	(i)	f(1),								
	(ii)	ff(-2).								[
(b)		the grid oppo- $\frac{2}{x} - 7 = -3$			e straight li	ine to solv	e the equa			[2
(c)	Ву	drawing a su	iitable tang	ent, find a	nn estimate				or $x =$ at $x = -2$ .	[4
(d)	(i)	Complete t	the table fo	$\mathbf{r} \ y = \mathbf{g}(x)$	) where $\ _{ m f 2}$	$g(x) = 2^{-x}$	F for $-3 \le$			[:
		X	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	
		у			2	1	0.5		0.125	
	(ii) (iii)	On the grid					equation f(	f(x) = g(x)	).	[3
							<i>x</i> =	=		[]

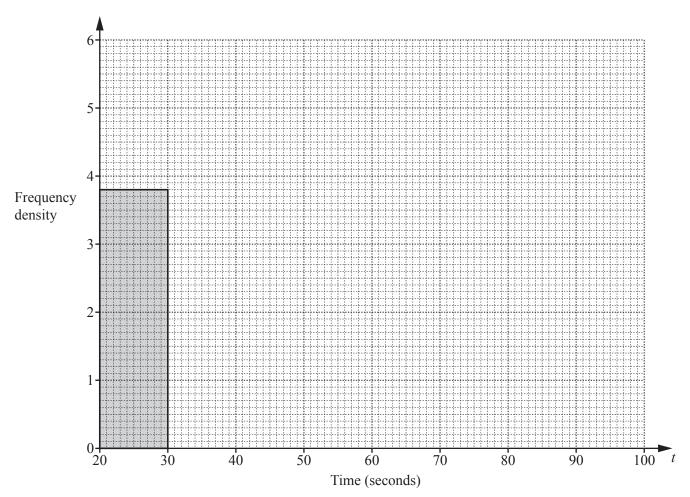
6 The table shows the time, t seconds, taken by each of 120 boys to solve a puzzle.

Time (t seconds)	$20 < t \leq 30$	30 < t ≤ 35	35 < <i>t</i> ≤ 40	$40 < t \le 60$	$60 < t \le 100$
Frequency	38	27	21	16	18

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

.....s [4]

(b) On the grid, complete the histogram to show the information in the frequency table.



[4]

7	A st	raight line joins the points $A(-2, -3)$ and $C(1, 9)$ .		
	(a)	Find the equation of the line $AC$ in the form $y = mx + c$ .		
			<i>y</i> =	[3]
	<b>(b)</b>	Calculate the acute angle between AC and the x-axis.		
				[2]
	(c)	ABCD is a kite, where AC is the longer diagonal of the kite. B is the point $(3.5, 2)$ .		
		(i) Find the equation of the line BD in the form $y = mx + c$ .		
			<i>y</i> =	[3]
		(ii) The diagonals $AC$ and $BD$ intersect at $(-0.5, 3)$ .		
		Work out the co-ordinates of $D$ .		
				, [3]
			(,	, [4]

8	(a)	Angelo has a bag containing 3 white counters and <i>x</i> black counters.
		He takes two counters at random from the bag, without replacement.

(i) Complete the following statement.

The probability that Angelo takes two black counters is

$$\frac{x}{x+3} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- (ii) The probability that Angelo takes two black counters is  $\frac{7}{15}$ .
  - (a) Show that  $4x^2 25x 21 = 0$ .

[4]

**(b)** Solve by factorisation.

$$4x^2 - 25x - 21 = 0$$

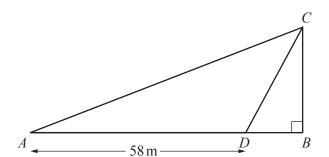
 $x = \dots$  or  $x = \dots$  [3]

(c) Write down the number of black counters in the bag.

.....[1]

(b)	Esme has a bag with 5 green counters and 4 red counters. She takes three counters at random from the bag without replacement.
	Work out the probability that the three counters are all the same colour.
	[4]

9 (a)



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram, BC is a vertical wall standing on horizontal ground AB. D is the point on AB where AD = 58 m.

The angle of elevation of C from A is  $26^{\circ}$ .

The angle of elevation of C from D is  $72^{\circ}$ .

(i) Show that AC = 76.7 m, correct to 1 decimal place.

[5]

(ii) Calculate BD.

*BD* = ..... m [3]

		15			
(b)	Triangle $EFG$ has an area of $70 \mathrm{m}^2$ . $EF: FG = 1: 2$ and angle $EFG = 40^\circ$ .				
	(i)	Calculate <i>EF</i> .			
			<i>EF</i> = m [4]		
	(ii)	A <b>different</b> triangle $PQR$ also has an area of $PQ : QR = 1 : 2$ and $PQ = EF$ .	$70\mathrm{m}^2$ .		
		Find angle <i>PQR</i> .			
			Angle $PQR = \dots [1]$		
			<del></del>		

Question 10 is printed on the next page.

10	(a)		19, 15, 11, 7,
		(i)	Write down the next two terms of the sequence.
		(ii)	$\dots$ , $\dots$ [2] Find the $n$ th term of this sequence.
		(iii)	Find the value of $n$ when the $n$ th term is $-65$ .
	(b)	Anc	$n = \dots $ [2] other sequence has <i>n</i> th term $2n^2 + 5n - 15$ .
		Fino	d the difference between the 4th term and the 5th term of this sequence.
			[2]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.